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Infosafe No™ 1CHA1 Issue Date : November 2020 RE-ISSUED by CHEMSUPP

Product Name SODIUM NITRITE

Classified as hazardous

1. Identification

GHS Product

SODIUM NITRITE

Identifier

CHEM-SUPPLY PTY LTD (ABN 19 008 264 211) **Company Name**

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Number

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CHEMCALL 1800 127 406 (Australia) / +64-4-917-9888 (International)

number

www.chemsupply.com.au E-mail Address

the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use of Diazotization (by reaction with hydrochloric acid to form nitrous acid), rubber accelerators, synthesis of organic products, colour fixative and preservative in cured meats, meat products, fish, pharmaceuticals,

photographic reagent, analytical reagent, dye manufacture, oxidizing agent,

antidote for cyanide poisoning and laboratory reagent.

Other Names Product Code

> SODIUM NITRITE LR SL002 SODIUM NITRITE AR SA002

Other Information

Chem-Supply Pty Ltd does not warrant that this product is suitable for any use or purpose. The user must ascertain the suitability of the product before use or application intended purpose. Preliminary testing of the product before use or application is recommended. Any reliance or purported reliance upon Chem-Supply Pty Ltd with respect to any skill or judgement or advice in relation to the suitability of this product of any purpose is disclaimed. Except to the extent prohibited at law, any condition implied by any statute as to the merchantable quality of this product or fitness for any purpose is hereby excluded. This product is not sold by description. Where the provisions of Part V, Division 2 of the Trade Practices Act apply, the liability of Chem-Supply Pty Ltd is limited to the replacement of supply of equivalent goods or payment of the cost of replacing the goods or acquiring equivalent goods.

2. Hazard Identification

GHS classification of Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment - Acute Hazard: Category 1

the

Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2A

Oxidizing Solids: Category 3 substance/mixture

Acute Toxicity - Oral: Category 3

Signal Word (s) DANGER

Hazard Statement (s)

H272 May intensify fire; oxidiser.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H319 Causes serious eve irritation. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Pictogram (s)

Flame over circle, Skull and crossbones, Environment







Precautionary statement -Prevention

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P220 Keep/Store away from clothing/.../combustible materials.

P221 Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles ...

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face

protection.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.





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Precautionary

statement - Response P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.

P330 Rinse mouth.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use water spray, alcohol resistant , dry chemical

or carbon dioxide for extinction.

P391 Collect spillage.

Precautionary statement - Storage

P405 Store locked up.

Precautionary statement - Disposal P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

4. First-aid measures

If inhaled, remove from contaminated area to fresh air immediately. Apply Inhalation

artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, give

oxygen. Get medical aid if cough or other symptoms appear.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water immediately. Do not induce vomiting.

immediate medical assistance.

Wash affected areas with copious quantities of water immediately. Remove Skin

contaminated clothing and wash before re-use. Seek medical advice if effects

persist.

Immediately irrigate with copious quantity of water for at least 15 minutes. Eve contact

Eyelids to be held open. If rapid recovery does not occur, obtain medical

attention

Maintain eyewash fountain and safety shower in work area. **First Aid Facilities**

Treat symptomatically based on judgement of doctor and individual reactions of Advice to Doctor

the patient.

Other Information For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (Phone eg Australia 13 1126;

New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Oxidiser solid **Specific Methods**

Small fire: Do not use water spray, dry chemicals, CO2 or foam.

Large fire: Flood fire area with water or fire resistant foam from a protected

position. Dam fire control water for later disposal.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Will accelerate burning when involved in a fire. May ignite combustibles (wood, paper, clothing, etc). Fire may produce irritating, poisonous, and/or

corrosive gases.

Hazchem Code

280 °C **Decomposition Temp.**

Precautions in connection with Fire

Wear SCBA and chemical splash suit. Structural firefighter's uniform will

provide limited protection.

Dangerous fire and explosion risk when heated to 537 °C. Other Information

6. Accidental release measures

Do not contaminate. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, clothing, oil, etc.) away Spills & Disposal

from spilled material.

Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas.

Prevent exposure to heat.

Use clean non-sparking tools to transfer material (avoid dust generation) to a clean, dry plastic container and cover loosely. Move container from spill

area.

Small Liquid Spill





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Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place in a loosely-covered container for later disposal.

Large Liquid Spill

SEEK EXPERT ADVICE ON HANDLING AND DISPOSAL.

Avoid substance contact. Avoid generation of dusts: do not inhale dusts. **Personal Precautions**

Ensure supply of fresh air in enclosed rooms. Evacuate the area of all

non-essential personnel.

Personal Protection Wear protective clothing specified for normal operations (see Section 8)

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for Safe Handling

Avoid substance contact and generation and inhalation of dust.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Regulations

Store away from combustible materials. Store away from acids. Keep containers securely sealed and protected against physical damage. container tightly closed and dry, away from direct sunlight and other sources

of heat or ignition. Store at room temperature (15 - 25°C).

Refer Australian Standard AS 4326 - 1995 'The storage and handling of

oxidizing agents'.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other Exposure Information

No exposure standards have been established for this product by Safe Work Australia, however, the TWA exposure standard for dusts/mists not otherwise specified is 10 mg/m3. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls

Maintain the concentrations values below the TWA. This may be achieved by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods.

Respiratory **Protection**

Where ventilation is not adequate, respiratory protection may be required. Avoid breathing dust, vapours or mists. Respiratory protection should comply with AS 1716 - Respiratory Protective Devices and be selected in accordance with AS 1715 - Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices. Filter capacity and respirator type depends on exposure levels. event of emergency or planned entry into unknown concentrations a positive pressure, full-facepiece SCBA should be used. If respiratory protection is required, institute a complete respiratory protection program including selection, fit testing, training, maintenance and inspection.

Eye Protection

The use of a face shield, chemical goggles or safety glasses with side shield protection as appropriate. Must comply with Australian Standards AS 1337 and be selected and used in accordance with AS 1336.

Hand Protection

Wear gloves of impervious material conforming to AS/NZS 2161: Occupational protective gloves - Selection, use and maintenance. Final choice of appropriate glove type will vary according to individual circumstances. This can include methods of handling, and engineering controls as determined by appropriate risk assessments. Avoid skin contact when removing gloves from hands, do not touch the gloves outer surface. Dispose of gloves as hazardous

Personal Protective Equipment

Personal protective equipment should not solely be relied upon to control risk and should only be used when all other reasonably practicable control measures do not eliminate or sufficiently minimise risk. Guidance in selecting personal protective equipment can be obtained from Australian, Australian/New Zealand or other approved standards.

Footwear

Safety boots in industrial situations is advisory, foot protection should comply with AS 2210, Occupational protective footwear - Guide to selection, care and use.

Body Protection

Clean impervious clothing should be worn, preferably with an apron for extra protection. Clothing for protection against chemicals should comply with AS 3765 Clothing for Protection Against Hazardous Chemicals.





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Hygiene Measures Always wash hands before smoking, eating or using the toilet. Wash

contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storing or

re-using.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Form Solid

Appearance White or slightly yellowish deliquescent crystals or powder.

Odour Odourless.

Decomposition 280 °C

Temperature

Melting Point 271 °C (decomposes)

Boiling Point 320 °C

Solubility in Water Soluble (820 g/L @ 20 °C).

Solubility in Organic

Solvents

Slightly soluble in alcohol and ether.

Specific Gravity 2.168 @ 20 °C

pH ~ 9 (50 g/1, H20)

Vapour Density

2.39 (air=1)

(Air=1)

Partition Coefficient: log P(o/w): -3.7 (experimentally)

n-octanol/water

Flammability Not combustible but assists combustion of other substances.

Auto-Ignition 490 °C

Temperature

Explosion Properties Explodes at 537 °C

Molecular Weight 69.00

Oxidising Properties Oxidizing Solid: Category 3

10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical Stability Hygroscopic. Very slowly oxidises to nitrate on exposure to air. Decomposed

even by weak acids with evolution of brown fumes of N2O3.

Conditions to Avoid Strong heating, air and moisture.

Incompatible Materials

Aluminium, ammonia, ammonium salts and ammonium compounds, combustible substances (danger of explosion!), aluminium, butadiene, cellulose, chlorates, cyanides, ethylene oxide, finely powdered metals, hydrazine and derivatives, hypophosphites, iodides, lithium, mercury salts, permanganate, potassium plus ammonia, phthalic acid, phthalic anhydride, strong reducers and strong acids, sodium thiosulfate, sodium amide, sodium disulphite, sodium thiocyanate, sulphites, tannic acid and vegetable astringent concoctions, infusions or tinctures, urea, unsaturated hydrocarbons, wood and organic matter.

Oxides of carbon, nitrogen and metal oxide fume.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Mixtures with ammonium salts or cyanides may explode. In contact with reducing agents, may cause fire or explosion.

Hazardous Will not occur.

Polymerization

11. Toxicological Information

Acute Toxicity - Oral LD50 (Rat): 158 mg/kg

Ingestion Toxic if swallowed. After absorption: nausea, narcosis, cyanosis. After

absorption of large quantities: vomiting, unconsciousness, drop in blood

pressure, depressed respiration, collapse, methaemoglobinaemia.





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Inhalation Overexposure to high dust concentrations may result in mucosal irritation,

persistent headache, dizziness, nausea, vomiting, cyanosis, coma, convulsions

and death.

Skin May cause skin irritation.

Eye Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory

Not classified based on available information.

sensitisation

Skin Sensitisation Not classified based on available information.

Germ cell Not classified based on available information.

Germ cell mutagenicity Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Not classified based on available information.

Reproductive Toxicity

STOT-single Not classified based on available information.

exposure

STOT-repeated Not classified based on available information.

exposure

Health Hazard The following applies to nitrites/nitrates in general: the following may

develop: methaemoglobinaemia. Nitrosamines, which have shown themselves to be

carcinogenic in animal experiments.

coma. Small doses cause a fall in blood pressure, rapid pulse, muscle

weakness, headache and visual disturbances. The following applies to nitrites in general: Nitrosamines have shown themselves to be carcinogenic in animal

experiments.

Mutagenicity Not classified based on available information.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Highly toxic for aquatic organisms.

Persistence and degradability

Methods for the determination of biodegradability are not applicable to

inorganic substances.

Bioaccumulative

Behavious in environmental compartments: Distribution: log P(oct): -3.7

Potential (experimental);

No bioaccumulation is to be expected.

 $\textbf{Other Precautions} \qquad \text{Do not allow to enter waters, waste water, or soil!}$

Acute Toxicity - Fish Not classified based on available information.

Mortality NOEC (Onchorhynchus mykiss): 0.54 mg/1/96 h.

Acute Toxicity -

Acute Toxicity -

Daphnia

EC50 (Daphnia magna): 12.5 mg/1/48 h;

Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae) - 100 mg/L - 72 h

Algae

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be disposed of Considerations according to relevant local, state and federal government regulations.

14. Transport information

Transport Dangerous goods of Class 5.1 (Oxidizing Agent) are incompatible in a placard

Information load with any of the following:

Class 1, Class 2.1, Class 2.3, Class 3, Class 4, Class 5.2, Class 7, Class 8,

Fire risk substances and Combustible liquids.

U.N. Number 1500

UN proper shipping SODIU

SODIUM NITRITE

name





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Transport hazard class(es)

6.1 Sub.Risk **Hazchem Code** 1z

Packing Group III **EPG Number** 5B2 31 **IERG Number**

15. Regulatory information

Regulatory Information All of the significant ingredients in this formulation are compliant with Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS) regulations. Not listed under WHS Regulation 2011, Schedule 10 - Prohibited carcinogens,

restricted carcinogens and restricted hazardous chemicals.

Poisons Schedule

16. Other Information

Literature References

'Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons .', Commonwealth of Australia.

National Road Transport Commission, 'Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail 7th. Ed.'.

Safe Work Australia, 'National Code of Practice fot the Preparation of Safety

Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals'.

Standards Australia, 'SAA/SNZ HB 76:2010 Dangerous Goods - Initial Emergency

Response Guide', Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand. Safe Work Australia, 'Hazardous Chemical Information System'. Safe Work Australia, 'National Code of Practice for the Labelling of Safe

Work Hazardous Substances'.

Safe Work Australia, 'National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment'.

Contact Person/Point Paul McCarthy Ph. (08) 8440 2000 DISCLAIMER STATEMENT:

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Empirical Formula & Structural Formula

Na NO2

...End Of MSDS...

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